

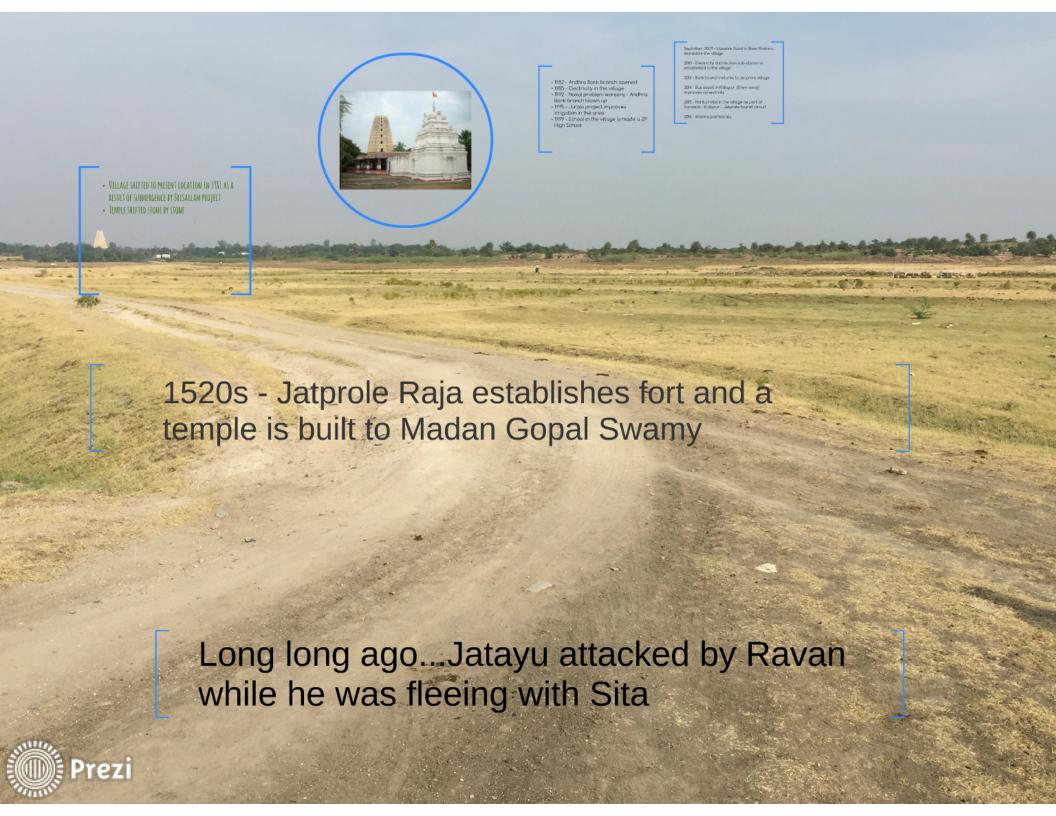


Seasonality of employment



As per 2011 census, Population - 3436 (SKS?) Literacy: Male - 64% Female - 44.38% Sex ratio - 947





- VILLAGE SHIFTED TO PRESENT LOCATION IN 1981 AS A
  RESULT OF SUBMERGENCE BY SRISAILAM PROJECT
- TEMPLE SHIFTED STONE BY STONE







- 1982 Andhra Bank branch opened
- 1985 Electricity in the village
- 1992 Naxal problem worsens Andhra Bank branch blown up
- 1995 Jurala project improves irrigation in the area
- 1999 School in the village is made a ZP High School



Septmber, 2009 - Massive flood in River Krishna inundates the village

2010 - Electricity distribution sub-station is established in the village

2013 - Bank branch returns to Jetprole village

2014 - Bus depot in Kollapur (15 km away) improves conecitivity

2015 - Harita hotel in the village as part of Somasila - Kollapur - Jetprole tourist circuit

2016 - Krishna pushkaralu







#### Resource Mapping

- Srisailam dam backwaters - normally inundated with water from August to December

- Jurala canals run-off also available for use
- Groundwater level is high 7 borewells in village to provide drinking water



#### Land resources

- Black and red soils
- Some of the land is full of boulders made cultivable through NREGS works
- Lot of land was acquired for Srisailam project and so there is less land holding in the village
- Farmers received compensation in 80s but when there is no water, they still cultivate that land
- Generally one crop per year major crops are groundnut, paddy, onion

### Connectivity to the village is good

- located on major district road
- Bus depot in nearby Kollapur leads to high frequency of buses as many as 3 buses per day to Hyderabad
- Kurnool is only 1.5 hours away







Water shortage is a crisis this year

Electricity – 3 phase – 3 hours in the day and 3 hours at night – cause of major discontent – led to protest at sub station by villagers while we were there

Wage rate for agricultural labourer: 150-200 for women and 200-300 for men

Paddy, groundnut, onion are major crops

Paddy productivity - 25 to 30 quintal per acre

Haritha Haram scheme – to plant trees in premises of govt buildings

Watershed Development Program – mango plantation intercropping with green gram – no mango orchards in the village due to rocky surface



2 cases of farmer suicide in last 1 year:

Leased land farming – family received compensation

Reddy farmer having over 5 acres land – groundnut – indebtedness – no govt help



#### **MGNREGS**

No timely payments- Service Bank- ICICI - It is not serving well and processing the funds

Exclusion of BOULDER REMOVAL: It had been immensely useful for bringing degraded land under cultivation. Silt application also demanded by farmers.

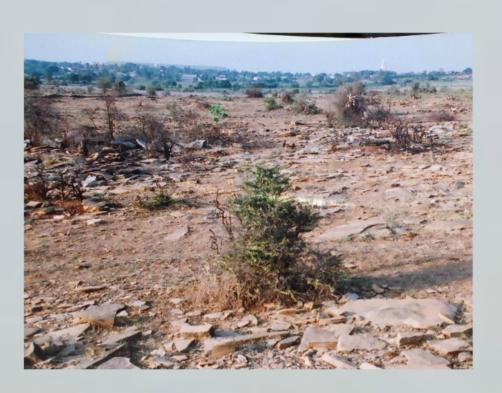
NO household completed 100 days in year 2014-15 because of delayed payment issue. Only about 19 days on average this year

Difference from legislative intent - Unemployment allowance never paid

nrega.telangana.gov.in – very sound MIS - an example for other schemes, esp in healthcare

Gram sabha participation not seen in development activities – some said 30% quorum is not met

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# Seasonality of employment









2 ASHA workers in the village – on state wide strike

No PHC or sub centre in the village - 3 RMPs are there

2 ANMS visit the village based on a weekly schedule



Weekly schedule of ANMs:

Monday – Ante Natal Checkup (ANC day)

Tuesday – Family planning motivation

Wednesday – Universal Immunization Program

Thursday - School visit

Friday – Water chlorination and larvae killing

Saturday – Universal Immunization Program

Mission Indradhanush – Immunization for missed children

3 TB patients

Diabetes, Hypertension patients increasing

Asthama – 10% population

AIDS – 1 known death – 3 months ago

IMR – not a problem – checked register also

UIP – coverage nearly 100%

Mother and Child Tracking system - Detailed register

4 Anganwadi centers: 1 being run very well

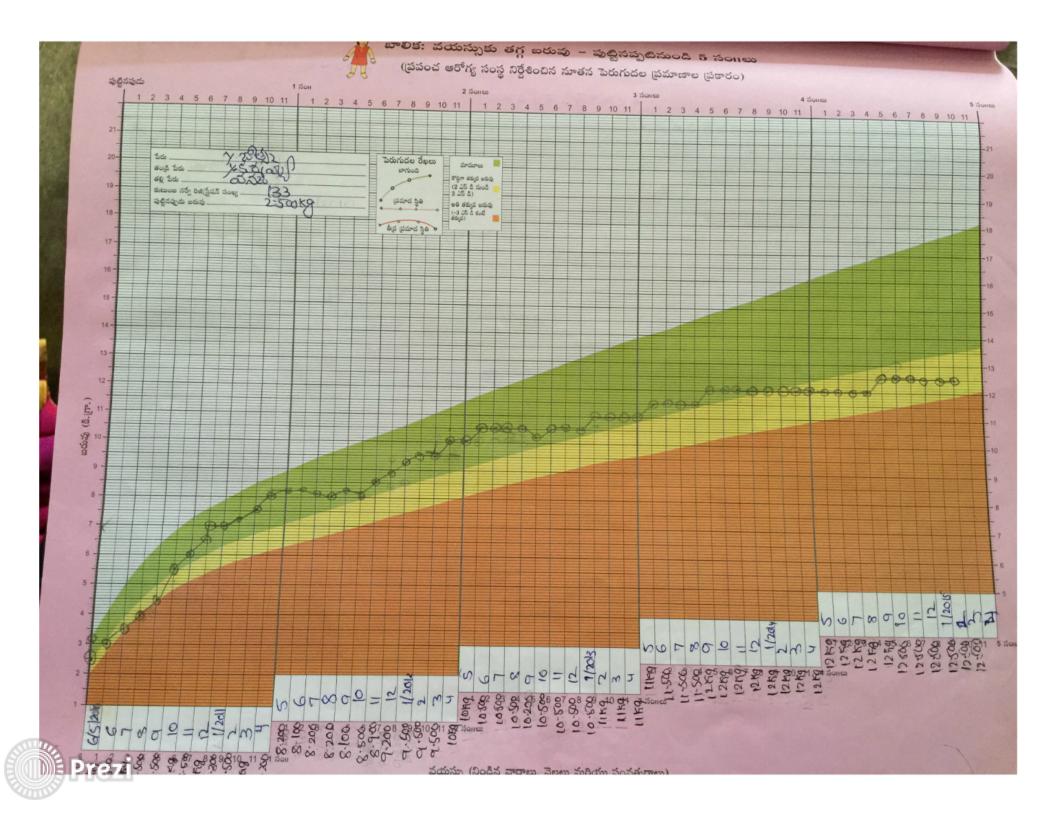
Pregnant ladies' health is monitored

**ICDS** 

Anganwadi centre is a preschool

Regular monitoring by senior officials is necessary - example Gram Darshini of AP







#### 2 PRIMARY SCHOOLS

- Dilapidated condition, very small rooms.
- No running water impact on sanitation habit
- Cooking place was unhygeinic
- Construction of additional rooms was stalled due to cost escalation
- No electricity

State

ENT 9 ·

stock.

- Need major INFRASTRUCTURAL facelift.

High School - No. of girls (104) are GREATER than that of boys(90) -Reason? GENDER DISCRIMINATION.

DROPOUTS: NO significant dropouts due to MIGRATION.

MID DAY MEAL functioning well. State government extended it till 10th standard.

There is a SCHOOL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE but not functioning.

#### HYGIENE:

NO running water in toilets. No special room for food stock.

BOOK issue: Distribution issue at mandal level, school is getting new syllabus books late

No. of students in URDU medium school is only 9 - decline of urdu as a medium of education.







#### **SHGs**

- +ves:
- + 57 SHGs are registered in the village, with 10-12 in a group
- + Average 1.15 lakhs loan per group
- + Timely repayment

#### -ves

- No economic activity being undertaken using the loan
- Loan amount used for consumption purposes
- No guarantee for risk taking
- No guidance from government by way of building of entrepreneurial capacity

It is suggested that attitude change be triggered by exposure to successful SHGs through study tours and actical demonstarations



# Ranking exercise - what are the reasons for poverty?

- 1. Unemployment educated youth not finding jobs– B Sc youth as tractor driver dairy sector not developed no cooperatives are working
- 2. Landlesness being a submerged village very few land holdings – taking land on lease and farming in other villages
- 3. Water problem drought major issue this year
- 4.Healthcare issues often go to Kurnool for

Social mapping exercise was done in SC colony of the village:

rampant Open defecation - approx 10/300 houses have toilets – Govt scheme has not yet come to the village

About 40 IAY houses are there – still 15 kuccha houses – don't have enough money to contribute their part - 2 bedroom program of state govt about to be rolled out - but delivery model is not good





#### **PDS**

PDS – 874 households have Food Security Cards (total 1056 households found in Samagra Kutumba Survey)

Exclusion criteria:
Govt employees
7.5 acres dryland
4 acres irrigated land
income more than 1.5 lakh rupees

In the current month, 867 houeholds found in Key register (which comes from mandal level) – every month some names are missing – one factor seems to be Aadhaar card linkage



Insistence on Aadhaar card linkage has led to exclusion- it is a violation of Supreme Court guildelines

- Case of one of the poorest faimilies in SC village







# Thank you

